

County (Number Latinos, Percentage of County)	% Latino Adults in County Seen in Adult Public Health Clinic	% Latino Children in County Seen in Child Public Health Clinic	% Latinos in County seen in C/MHC	Other Resources Available
Wake (C: 33,985 – 5.4%) (FA: 41,210 – 6.1%)	0%	35% +	2.2% (Wake Health Services)	Open Door Free Clinic (FC); Community Mental Health Clinic (FC); Project Access; Tarboro Rd. Family Medicine +; Project Access
Wayne (C: 5,604 – 4.9%) (FA: 7,472 – 6.5%)	0%	15%		Mt. Olive Family Medicine Ctr. (RHC); WATCH Mobile Unit (FC)
Wilkes ¢ (C: 2,262 – 3.4%) (FA: 4,306 – 6.5%)	3%	61%		West Wilkes Medical Ctr. (RHC); Boomer Medical Ctr. (RHC)
Wilson (C: 4,457 – 6.0%) (FA: 5,706 – 7.6%)	0%	26%	NA (Harvest Family Health Ctr; Wilson Comm. Health Ctr.)	Wilson Comm. Health Ctr. (RHC)
Yadkin * (C: 2,357 – 6.5%) (FA: 3,336 – 8.9%)	13%	54%		
Yancey (C: 478 – 2.7%) (FA: 927 – 5.1%)	0%	55%		

Source: C: US Census Bureau. 2000 Census. FA: Faith Action, 2002 Latino Estimates. Health Department data from: Division of Public Health. NC Department of Health and Human Services. HSIS Data. July 2000-June 2001.<sup>15</sup> Community/Migrant Health Center data from: NC Primary Health Care Association. Uniform Data System. 2001.

\* County is listed as a primary care provider for the Carolina Access program for all ages.

¢ County is listed as a primary care provider for the Carolina Access program for children.

♦ County is listed as a primary care provider for the Carolina Access program for pregnant women.

∇ County is listed as a primary care provider for the Carolina Access program for adults.

+ The health center, clinic, or health department receives federal funding as a migrant health center or as a NC Farmworker Health Program contract site.

FC: Free Clinic.

NA: Not Available.

¥ Greene County Community Health Center serves a large number of migrants who are not counted in the Census.

To further refine the data, a small work group comprised of representatives of the Office of Research, Demonstrations and Rural Health Development, NC Division of Public Health, NC Primary Health Care Association and NC Hospital Association examined the data to determine if there were other community resources available that were providing primary care services to a significant percentage of the county's Latino population. Based on this analysis, the Task Force identified a number of communities where there is the greatest unmet need for primary care services for Latinos:

- *Greatest identified access problems for adults and children in communities with more than 5,000 Latinos* - Less than 20% of adults or children seen by health department or Community Health Center, and no other comprehensive system to care for uninsured: Alamance, Catawba, Cumberland, Randolph, Rowan, Wayne.